Environmental Protection Agency

combustion units subject to this subpart at your plant. You may return to testing one municipal waste combustion unit subject to this subpart per year if you can demonstrate dioxins/ furans emission levels less than or equal to 15 nanograms per dry standard cubic meter (total mass) for Class I units, or 30 nanograms per dry standard cubic meter (total mass) for Class II units, for all municipal waste combustion units at your plant subject to this subpart for 2 consecutive years.

§ 62.15255 May I deviate from the 13month testing schedule if unforeseen circumstances arise?

You may not deviate from the 13-month testing schedules specified in §§ 62.15240(b) and 62.15250(b)(1) unless you apply to the Administrator for an alternative schedule, and the Administrator approves your request for alternate scheduling prior to the date on which you would otherwise have been required to conduct the next stack test.

OTHER MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

§ 62.15260 What other requirements must I meet for continuous monitoring?

You must also monitor three operating parameters:

- (a) Load level of each municipal waste combustion unit.
- (b) Temperature of flue gases at the inlet of your particulate matter air pollution control device.
- (c) Carbon feed rate if activated carbon is used to control dioxins/furans or mercury emissions.

§ 62.15265 How do I monitor the load of my municipal waste combustion unit?

- (a) If your municipal waste combustion unit generates steam, you must install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a steam flowmeter or a feed water flowmeter and meet five requirements:
- (1) Continuously measure and record the measurements of steam (or feed water) in kilograms per hour (or pounds per hour).
- (2) Calculate your steam (or feed water) flow in 4-hour block averages.
- (3) Calculate the steam (or feed water) flow rate using the method in

"American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME PTC 4.1-1964): Test Code for Steam Generating Units, Power Test Code 4.1-1964 (Reaffirmed 1991)," section 4. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may obtain a copy from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Service Center, 22 Law Drive, Post Office Box 2900, Fairfield, NJ 07007. You may inspect a copy at the Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards Air Docket, EPA, 109 T.W. Alexander Drive, Room C521C, RTP, NC 27709 or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal register/ code of federal regulations/ ibr locations.html.

(4) Design, construct, install, calibrate, and use nozzles or orifices for flow rate measurements, using the recommendations in "American Society of Mechanical Engineers Interim Supplement 19.5 on Instruments and Apparatus: Application, Part II of Fluid Meters", 6th Edition (1971), chapter 4. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may obtain a copy from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Service Center, 22 Law Drive, Post Office Box 2900, Fairfield, NJ 07007. You may inspect a copy at the Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards Air Docket, EPA, 109 T.W. Alexander Drive, Room C521C, RTP, NC 27709 or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/ federal register/

code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

- (5) Before each dioxins/furans stack test, or at least once a year, calibrate all signal conversion elements associated with steam (or feed water) flow measurements according to the manufacturer instructions.
- (b) If your municipal waste combustion unit does not generate steam, or, if your municipal waste combustion

§ 62.15270

units have shared steam systems and steam load cannot be estimated per unit, you must determine, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, one or more operating parameters that can be used to continuously estimate load level (for example, the feed rate of municipal solid waste or refuse-derived fuel). You must continuously monitor the selected parameters.

[68 FR 5158, Jan. 31, 2003, as amended at 69 FR 18803, Apr. 9, 2004]

§ 62.15270 How do I monitor the temperature of flue gases at the inlet of my particulate matter control device?

You must install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a device to continuously measure the temperature of the flue gas stream at the inlet of each particulate matter control device.

§ 62.15275 How do I monitor the injection rate of activated carbon?

If your municipal waste combustion unit uses activated carbon to control dioxins/furans or mercury emissions, you must meet three requirements:

- (a) Select a carbon injection system operating parameter that can be used to calculate carbon feed rate (for example, screw feeder speed).
- (b) During each dioxins/furans and mercury stack test, determine the average carbon feed rate in kilograms (or pounds) per hour. Also, determine the average operating parameter level that correlates to the carbon feed rate. Establish a relationship between the operating parameter and the carbon feed rate in order to calculate the carbon feed rate based on the operating parameter level.
- (c) Continuously monitor the selected operating parameter during all periods when the municipal waste combustion unit is operating and combusting waste and calculate the 8-hour block average carbon feed rate in kilograms (or pounds) per hour, based on the selected operating parameter. When calculating the 8-hour block average do two things:
- (1) Exclude hours when the municipal waste combustion unit is not operating.
- (2) Include hours when the municipal waste combustion unit is operating but

the carbon feed system is not working correctly.

§ 62.15280 What minimum amount of monitoring data must I collect with my continuous parameter monitoring systems and is this requirement enforceable?

- (a) Where continuous parameter monitoring systems are used, obtain 1-hour arithmetic averages for three parameters:
- (1) Load level of the municipal waste combustion unit.
- (2) Temperature of the flue gases at the inlet of your particulate matter control device.
- (3) Carbon feed rate if activated carbon is used to control dioxins/furans or mercury emissions.
- (b) Obtain at least two data points per hour in order to calculate a valid 1-hour arithmetic average.
- (c) Obtain valid 1-hour averages for at least 75 percent of the operating hours per day for 90 percent of the operating days per calendar quarter. An operating day is any day the unit combusts any municipal solid waste or refuse-derived fuel.
- (d) If you do not obtain the minimum data required in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, you are in violation of this data collection requirement and you must notify the Administrator according to §62.15340(e).

RECORDKEEPING

§ 62.15285 What records must I keep?

You must keep four types of records:
(a) Operator training and certification.

- (b) Stack tests.
- (c) Continuously monitored pollutants and parameters.
- (d) Carbon feed rate.

§ 62.15290 Where must I keep my records and for how long?

- (a) Keep all records onsite in paper copy or electronic format unless the Administrator approves another format.
- (b) Keep all records on each municipal waste combustion unit for at least 5 years.
- (c) Make all records available for submittal to the Administrator, or for onsite review by an inspector.